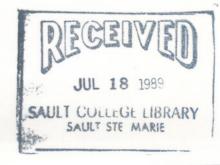
# SAULT COLLEGE OF APPLIED ARTS & TECHNOLOGY SAULT STE. MARIE, ONTARIO

### COURSE OUTLINE

Course Titl	ENVIRONMENTAL BIOLOGY		
Code No.:	BIO 211-3		
Program:	FORESTRY TECHNICIAN		
Semester:	III		
Date:	JUNE, 1989		
Author:	DERROLL MURPHY		
	New: Revision: X		
APPROVED:	Chairperson July 10/84		



### CALENDAR DESCRIPTION

ENVIRONMENTAL BIOLOGY	BIO 211-3	
COURSE NAME	COURSE NUMBER	

PHILOSOPHY/GOALS: This is a study of the environment from the biological point of view. It will include a look at the process of environmental assessment as well as identification and relationships of flora and fauna to their aquatic or forest habitats.

### METHOD OF ASSESSMENT (GRADING METHOD):

TEST #1	Lichen, Clubmoss, Moss, Fern	20%
TEST #2	Aquatic Plants, Aquatic Invertebrates	20%
TEST #3	Ducks, Fish	20%
TEST #4	Birds, Mammals	20%
FIELD TRIP R	EPORT	7%
PLANT COLLEC	TION	88
TALK		5%

IMPACT MATRIX: Satisfactory or Not Satisfactory

ECOLOGICAL RELATIONSHIPS BONUS

GRADE A+ = 90% A = 80% B = 70% C = 60%

If average mark for the four tests is 60%+, there will be no rewrites. If average mark is 55-60%, student will rewrite test with the lowest mark. If average for the four tests is less than 55%, student must write a rewrite for the whole course.

To be elibigle for a rewrite, average mark must be at least 50% TEXTBOOK(S):

Lab Manual - College Bookstore, as well as selected references.

Ducks at at Distance

### SPECIFIC OBJECTIVES

OBJECTIVE	TECHNICIAN COMPETENCY BENCHMARK
Given a hypothetical development, contruct an environmental impact matrix using a numerical rating system and justify the rating.	2967.04
List differences in a numerical matrix and the Federal screening process.	11
Explain the major features of the EARP Federal process and the EIA Ontario process.	"
Name at least two advantages of the Ontario class action exemption process.	SS "
Draw and label the life cycle of clubmoss.	п
Name division and genus, and identify five speci clubmoss, stating their major ecological importa	
Explain symbiotic relationship in lichens.	п
Describe importance of lichens referring to fact such as atmospheric qualities, site indicators, competition with other species, and possible use	
Define crustose, fruticose and foliose lichens, identify three major species of lichens.	and "
Draw and label a moss life cycle.	11
Identify three species of horsetail and name at one practical use.	least "
Name division and class for moss and liverworts identify 10 moss species.	and 2967.04
Name at least three differences between sphagnum moss and true moss, state their ecological important uses.	

OBJECTIVES	TECHNICIAN COMPETENCY BENCHMARK
Demonstrate ability to use a key for clubmos ferns, aquatic plants, aquatic invertebrates by either constructing a usable key or by sukeying of species.	and fish
Identify 14 species of fern and describe typsites.	oical "
Draw and label three species of fern to show difference between once, twice and thrice cu	
List at least five past or present uses for	ferns "
Identify 21 species of aquatic plants.	п
List two distinguishing characteristics of t following families: Rush, grass and sedge.	the "
State at least four ecological benefits of a plants.	2970.01 and 2967.04
State four ecological adaptations of aquation to suit their environment.	2970.01 2967.04
Define the following terms related to aquation habitat:  pond lentic epilimnion fall turnover spring turnover littoral limnetic profundal oliogotrophic eutrophic hypolimnion	
Describe two techniques of measuring lake en	nrichment. 2967.04
Describe four methods of aquatic plant densitiontrol.	ity
Given a list of wildlife and aquatic plant a match the lists for a food or habitat relati	
Explain the most common method of purifying	water. "

OBJECTIVES	TECHNICIAN COMPETENCY BENCHMA
List types of streams where bethnic, pelagic, surface organisms are usually found.	and 2967.04
Name at least two invertebrates typical of each the following:	h of "
bedrock streambed rubble or gr sandy streambed muddy or sil	
Explain reproduction of the blackfly and mosqu	ito. "
State ecological and economic effects of black and mosquitoes.	flies "
Name and explain five different ways of controbiting insects.	lling "
Give phylum, class, and order of 21 species of invertebrates.	aquatic "
Identify 21 species of aquatic invertebrates.	п
Identify and give habit detail on 24 species o	f fish. "
Given a list of fish, match to the following t	erms: "
omnivorous phytoplankton carnivorous parasitic scavenger	feeder
List harmful effects on humans of fish contami such as mercury, PCB's, mirex and DDT.	nants 2967.04
Compare and contrast on a chart, the indicated species under the following headings:	fish "
Identification Features Habi Coldwater Species Panf	
List five major distinguishing features between and diving ducks.	en puddle "
Identify 24 species of water fowl.	"

	OBJECTIVES			CHNICIAN NCY BENCHMARK
		chart, the indi		2967.04
	Identification Habitat Food	Features		
	major North Amer	rican flyways and	describe	"
	sh between the tenning plumage.	erms: eclipse pl	umage	п
Identify 3	32 species of man	mals and state p	referred	"
	en orders of Onta	ario mammals, des	cribe	п
	esentative member lowing mammal fa	es and three char amilies:	acteristics	п
dog raccoon beaver	cat		bear squirrel	
Identify 5	0 species of bir	rds and state pre	eferred annua	1 "
List a mir	nimum of three sp	pecies under the	headings:	п
	game birds woodpeckers passerines	raptor shore		
Distinguis	sh between buteos	s, accipiters, ar	nd falcons.	11
	st of Ontario w: 35mm slides.	ildlife, identify	tracks and	"
		nique for a plast ows animal tracks		н
Deliver a bio-energe		ome practical asp	pect of	2965.04

# COURSE OUTLINE - BIO 211-3 - ENVIRONMENTAL BIOLOGY

TOPIC NO.	PERIODS	TOPIC DESCRIPTION
1	3	Impact Matrix
		Explanation and discussion of requirements for impact statement. Examples of statements, environment and the law.
2	3	<u>Matrix</u>
		Discussion of the validity of student matrix.
		Clubmosses and Lichens
		Identification of 6 species structure, function and life cycle and habitat.
3	3	Mosses
		Identification of 9 species structure, function, life cycle and habitat.
4	3	Ferns
		Identification and life cycle habitat and relations.
5	3	Aquatic Plants
		Identification structure and uses. Habitat and relations. Water quality.
6	3	Aquatic Invertebrates
		Identification by sight and key, habitat. Relationship with man.

TOPIC NO.	PERIODS	TOPIC DESCRIPTION
7	4	Fish
		Keying for identification of species, habitat, structure, uses.
8	3	Field Trip
		Stream survey: water quality tests, stream flow and inventory.
9	3	Waterfowl
		Identification and habitat of game waterfowl, foods.
10	4	Birds
		Identification and habitat of common bird species.
11	4	Mammals
		Identification and habitat of common Ontario mammals.
12	3	Tracks and Signs
		Identification of tracks and signs. Making a cast.
13	3	Field Trip
		Examine given area for: inventory of biota ecological relationships possible uses
14	5	Man's Influence on Bio-energenics
		Student will deliver five minute talk.
15	2	Ecological Relationships
		Relating of Ontario mammals to previously studied autotrophs and heterotrophs.

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